- (2) Cryoprecipitated AHF shall be removed as prescribed in Subpart F of part 640. The remaining plasma may be labeled Plasma.
- (3) Plasma remaining after both Platelets and Cryoprecipitated AHF have been removed may be labeled Plasma.
- (f) The final container. (1) The final container shall have no color added to the plastic and shall be transparent to permit visual inspection of the contents; any closure shall maintain a hermetic seal and prevent contamination of the contents.
- (2) The final container material shall not interact with the contents, under the customary conditions of storage and use, in such a manner as to have an adverse effect upon the safety, purity, potency, and effectiveness of the product.
- (3) Prior to filling, the final container shall be identified by number so as to relate it to the donor.
- (g) The final product. (1) The final product shall be inspected immediately after separation of the plasma and shall not be issued for transfusion if there is (i) any abnormality in color or physical appearance, or (ii) any indication of contamination.
- (2) With the exception of Platelet Rich Plasma and Liquid Plasma, the final product shall be stored in a manner that will show evidence of thawing and shall not be issued if there is any evidence of thawing of the product during storage or breakage of the container.
- (3) No preservative shall be added to the final product.

[42 FR 59878, Nov. 22, 1977, as amended at 43 FR 34460, Aug. 4 1978; 48 FR 13026, Mar. 29, 1983; 50 FR 4139, Jan. 29, 1985]

Subpart E [Reserved]

Subpart F—Cryoprecipitate

§640.50 Cryoprecipitated AHF.

(a) Proper name and definition. The proper name of this product shall be Cryoprecipitated AHF. The product is defined as a preparation of antihemophilic factor, which is obtained from a single unit of plasma col-

lected and processed in a closed system.

(b) *Source.* The source material for Cryoprecipitated AHF shall be plasma which may be obtained by whole blood collection or by plasmapheresis.

[42 FR 21774, Apr. 29, 1977; 48 FR 13026, Mar. 29, 1983; as amended at 50 FR 4139, Jan. 29, 1985]

§640.51 Suitability of donors.

- (a) Whole blood donors shall meet the criteria for suitability prescribed in §640.3.
- (b) Plasmaphersis donors shall meet the criteria for suitability prescribed in §640.63, excluding the phrase "other than malaria" in paragraph (c) (9) of that section. Informed consent shall be required as prescribed in §640.61.
- (c) Donors shall not be suitable if they are known to have been immunized by injection with human red blood cells within the last 6 months.

[42 FR 21774, Apr. 29, 1977]

§640.52 Collection of source material.

- (a) Whole blood used as a source of Cryoprecipitated AHF shall be collected as prescribed in §640.4, except that paragraphs (d) (2), (g), and (h) of that section shall not apply. Whole blood from which both Platelets and Cryoprecipitated AHF is derived shall be maintained as required under §640.24 until the platelets are removed.
- (b) If plasmapheresis is used, the procedure for collection shall be as prescribed in §§ 640.62, 640.64 (except that paragraph (c)(3) of that section shall not apply), and 640.65.

[42 FR 21774, Apr. 29, 1977, as amended by 50 FR 4139, Jan. 29, 1985]

§ 640.53 Testing the blood.

- (a) Blood from which plasma is separated for the preparation of Cryoprecipitated AHF shall be tested as prescribed in §§610.40 and 610.45 of this chapter and §640.5 (a), (b), and (c).
- (b) The tests shall be performed on a sample of blood collected at the time of collecting the source blood, and such sample container shall be labeled with the donor's number before the container is filled.
- (c) Manufacturers of Cryoprecipitated AHF obtained from

§ 640.54

plasma collected by plasmapheresis shall have testing and record-keeping responsibilities equivalent to those prescribed in §§ 640.71 and 640.72.

[42 FR 21774, Apr. 29, 1977, as amended at 42 FR 37546, July 22, 1977; 42 FR 43063, Aug. 26, 1977; 50 FR 4139, Jan. 29, 1985; 53 FR 117, Jan. 5, 1988]

§640.54 Processing.

- (a) *Processing the plasma*. (1) The plasma shall be separated from the red blood cells by centrifugation to obtain essentially cell-free plasma.
- (2) The plasma shall be frozen solid within 6 hours after blood collection. A combination of dry ice and organic solvent may be used for freezing: *Provided*, That the procedure has been shown not to cause the solvent to penetrate the container or leach plasticizer from the container into the plasma.
- (3) Immediately after separation and freezing of the plasma, the plasma shall be stored and maintained at $-18\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ or colder until thawing of the plasma for further processing to remove the Cryoprecipitated AHF.
- (b) Processing the final product. (1) The Cryoprecipitated AHF shall be separated from the plasma by a procedure that has been shown to produce an average of no less than 80 units of antihemophilic factor per final container.
- (2) No diluent shall be added to the product by the manufacturer prior to freezing.
- (3) The final container used for Cryoprecipitated AHF shall be colorless and transparent to permit visual inspection of the contents; any closure shall maintain a hermetic seal and prevent contamination of the contents. The container material shall not interact with the contents under customary conditions of storage and use in such a manner as to have an adverse effect upon the safety, purity, potency and effectiveness of the product. At the time of filling, the final container shall be identified by a number so as to relate it to the donor.

[42 FR 21774, Apr. 29, 1977, as amended at 47 FR 15330, Apr. 9, 1982; 50 FR 4139, Jan. 29, 1985]

§640.55 U.S. Standard preparation.

A U.S. Standard Antihemophilic Factor (Factor VIII) preparation may be obtained from the Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research, Food and Drug Administration, for use in the preparation of a working reference to be employed in a quality control potency test of Cryoprecipitated AHF.

[42 FR 21774, Apr. 29, 1977, as amended at 49 FR 23834, June 8, 1984; 50 FR 4140, Jan. 29, 1985; 55 FR 11013, Mar. 26, 1990]

§640.56 Quality control test for potency.

- (a) Quality control tests for potency of antihemophilic factor shall be conducted each month on at least four representative containers of Cryoprecipitated AHF.
- (b) The results of each test are received by the establishment licensed for Cryoprecipitated AHF within 30 days of the preparation of the cryoprecipitated antihemophilic factor and are maintained at that establishment so that they may be reviewed by an authorized representative of the Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) The quality control test for potency may be performed by a clinical laboratory which meets the standards of the Clinical Laboratories Improvement Act of 1967 (CLIA) (42 U.S.C. 263a) and is qualified to perform potency tests for antihemophilic factor. Such arrangements must be approved by the Director, Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research, Food and Drug Administration. Such testing shall not be considered as divided manufacturing, as described in §610.63 of this chapter, provided the following conditions are met:
- (1) The establishment licensed for Cryoprecipitated AHF has obtained a written agreement that the testing laboratory will permit an authorized representative of the Food and Drug Administration to inspect its testing procedures and facilities during reasonable business hours.
- (2) The testing laboratory will participate in any proficiency testing programs undertaken by the Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research, Food and Drug Administration.
- (d) If the average potency level of antihemophilic factor in the containers